

# UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#7643

EFFECTIVE DATE 06/20/96

Union Carbide urges each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the hazards associated with the product. The reader should consider consulting reference works or individuals who are experts in ventilation, toxicology, and fire prevention, as necessary or appropriate to use and understand the data contained in this MSDS.

To promote safe handling, each customer or recipient should: (1) notify its employees, agents, contractors and others whom it knows or believes will use this material or the information in this MSDS and any other information regarding hazards or safety; (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product; and (3) request its customers to notify their employees, customers, and other users of the product of this information.

I. IDENTIFICATION			
PRODUCT NAME:	UCON Lubricant LB-400-X		
CHEMICAL NAME:	Mixture		
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Polyalkylene Glycol		
FORMULA:	Trade Secret		
MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	Mixture		
SYNONYMS:	None		
CAS # AND NAME:	See Section III, "Ingredients"		
II. PHY	SICAL DATA(Determined on Typical Material)		
BOILING POINT, 760 mm Hg	g: Decomposes >200 C (>392 F)		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY(H2O =	1): 0.994 AT 20/20 C		
FREEZING POINT:	Pour point <-29 C (<-20 F)		
VAPOR PRESSURE AT 20'C	: <0.01 mmHg		
EMEDICENCY BUONE MINDER	Copyright 1996 Union Carbide. UCON is a registered trademark of Union Carbide. RS: 1-800-UCC-HELP (NUMBER AVAILABLE AT ALL TIMES) OR (304) 744-3487		

UNION CARBIDE CORPORATION 39 Old Ridgebury Road, Danbury, CT 06817-0001 PRODUCT NAME: UCON Lubricant LB-400-X VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): > 1 Nil **EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate = 1):** SOLUBILITY IN WATER by wt: < 0.1 APPEARANCE: Amber ODOR: Mild PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid III. INGREDIENTS CAS# EXPOSURE LIMIT % MATERIAL 9003-13-8 None established Polypropylene Glycol >95 Monobutyl Ether None established N-phenyl-alpha-90-30-2 < 5 naphthylamine IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA FLASH POINT(test method(s)): 423 F (217 C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93 (262 C) 505 F Cleveland Open Cup ASTM D 92 LOWER: Not Determined FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR UPPER: Not Determined % by volume: SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools; this PROCEDURES: may cause frothing and increase fire intensity. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Apply alcohol-type or all-purpose-type foam by manufacturer's recommended **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** techniques for large fires. Use carbon dioxide or dry chemical media for small fires.

This material may produce a floating fire hazard in extreme fire conditions.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** 

HODOU HAME. OO	ON Lubricant LB-400-X		
	During a fire, oxides of nitrogen may be produced.		
V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA			
XPOSURE LIMIT(S):	None established by OSHA or ACGIH.		
FFECTS OF SINGLE OVERE	EXPOSURE:		
SWALLOWING:	No evidence of harmful effects from available information.		
SKIN ABSORPTION:	No evidence of harmful effects from available information.		
INHALATION:	Short-term harmful health effects are not expected from vapor generated at ambient temperature.		
SKIN CONTACT:	Brief contact is not irritating.  Prolonged contact may cause reddening, itchiness, a burning sensation, and possible drying and flaking of the skin.		
EYE CONTACT:	May cause irritation, experienced as stinging with excess blinking and tear production. Excess redness of the conjunctiva may occur.		
EFFECTS OF REPEATED OV	/EREXPOSURE: No adverse effects anticipated from available information.		
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AG	GRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:  Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis.  Exposure to this material may decrease the oxygen-carrying capacity of the blood. Individuals with cardiovascular disease or impairment of the respiratory function may be at increased risk.		
SIGNIFICANT LABORATOR HEALTH HAZARD EVALUA	Y DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN		
TENETH MEMBERS	Contains one or more amines which may react with nitrites to form nitrosamines. Some nitrosamines have been shown to be carcinogenic in laboratory animals.		
OTHER EFFECTS OF OVER	EXPOSURE:  Overexposure to vapor, aerosol or mist generated at high temperature may result in eye and respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea and the inhalation of harmful amounts of material.		
EMERGENCY AND FIRST A	ID PROCEDURES:		
SWALLOWING:	No emergency care anticipated.		

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air.

EYES:	Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if worn. Obtain medical attention.
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:	There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.
	VI. REACTIVITY DATA
STABILITY: Stable	
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	WARNING: Do not mix this product with nitrites or other nitrosating agents because a nitrosamine may be formed. Nitrosamines may cause cancer.
NCOMPATIBILITY (material	s to avoid):
NOOM WINDLEY WATER	Normally unreactive; however, avoid strong bases at high temperatures, strong acids, strong oxidizing agents and materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds.
HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION	OR DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:
	Combustion may produce the following products:  Oxides of carbon and nitrogen.
	Carbon monoxide is highly toxic if inhaled; carbon dioxide in sufficient
	concentrations can act as an asphyxiant.  Acute overexposure to the products of combustion may result in irritation of
	the respiratory tract. See Section V, "Other Effects of Overexposure."
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZA	TION: Will Not Occur
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	None
	VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MA	ATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:
	Wear suitable protective equipment, especially eye protection. See Section VIII.
	Small spills can be flushed with large amounts of water; larger spills should
	be collected for disposal.  See Section IX, Other Precautions.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHO	
	Incinerate in a furnace or otherwise dispose of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations.
10.00	VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION
RESPIRATORY PROTECTIO	N (specify type): None required for use at low temperatures.
	General (mechanical) room ventilation is satisfactory for use at low
VENTILATION:	

is recommended at points where vapors can be expected to escape to the

workplace air.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Polyvinyl chloride coated

EYE PROTECTION:

Monogoggies

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Bath, Safety Shower

#### IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

WARNING!

CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

VAPOR, AEROSOL OR MIST OF THE PRODUCT AND THERMAL DEGRADATION PRODUCTS GENERATED AT HIGH TEMPERATURE CAN BE IRRITATING AND HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Avoid breathing vapor. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not add nitrites or other nitrosating agents.

A nitrosamine, which may cause cancer, may be formed.

#### FOR INDUSTRY USE ONLY

### OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

SPILLS: This product has very low solubility in water and will float on the surface. Avoid drainage of large spills to sewers or to natural waters.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Additional product safety information on this product may be obtained by calling your Union Carbide Corporation Sales or Customer Service contact.

Ask for the brochure:

UCON Fluids and Lubricants (Family Brochure).

Ask about the availability of specific product and end-use bulletins.

PROCESS HAZARD: Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "autoignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions.

Any use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions. Further information is available in a technical bulletin entitled "Ignition Hazards of Organic Chemical Vapors."

### X. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## STATUS ON SUBSTANCE LISTS:

The concentrations shown are maximum or ceiling levels (weight %) to be used for calculations for regulations.

PRODUCT	NAME.	LICON	Lubricant	1 R-400	-X
rnoboci	INCHE.	CCCII	Lubricant	LUTTUU	,-,

Trade Secrets are indicated by "TS".

#### FEDERAL EPA

Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center of release of quantities of Hazardous Substances equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 302.4.

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\* \* \* NONE \* \* \*

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III

requires emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 355 (used for SARA 302, 304, 311 and 312).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\*\*\* NONE \*\*\*

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III

requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372 (for SARA 313). This information must be included in all MSDSs that are copied and distributed for this material.

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\* \* \* NONE \* \* \*

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) STATUS:

The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA inventory.

#### STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW

**CALIFORNIA Proposition 65** 

This product contains trace amounts of ALPHA-NAPHTHYLAMINE, BETA-NAPHTHYLAMINE

and ANILINE known to the State of California to cause cancer. See Massachusetts listing for amounts.

MASSACHUSETTS Right-To-Know, Substance List (MSL) Hazardous Substances and Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances on the MSL must be identified when present in products.

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

EXTRAORDINARILY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES ( => 0.0001%)

UPPER BOUND

CHEMICAL CAS NUMBER CONCENTRATION % beta-Naphthylamine 91-59-8 0.00010

 alpha-Naphthylamine
 134-32-7
 0.00100

 Aniline
 62-53-3
 0.00500

PENNSYLVANIA Right-to-Know, Hazardous Substance List Hazardous Substances and Special Hazardous Substances on the List must be identified when present in products.

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\*\*\* NONE \*\*\*

PRODUCT NAME:	UCON Lubricant LB-400-X	
CALIFORNIA SCAQMD	RULE 443.1 VOC'S:  ****NOT DETERMINED****	
OTHER REGULATORY	INFORMATION: EPA Hazard Categories: Immediate Health, Delayed Health	

#### NOTE ----

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Union Carbide. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of the use of the product are not under the control of Union Carbide, it is the user's obligation to determine conditions of safe use of the product.

**REVISED SECTIONS:** 

Section V - Health Hazard Data Section IX - Special Precautions Section X - Regulatory Information

PRODUCT: 94457 F NUMBER: B0209D



## UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS

# Specialty Chemic UCON LUBRICANT LB-400-X MATERIAL SAFETY 7663

## EFFECTIVE DATE

Union Carbide urges each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the hazards associated with the product. The reader should consider consulting reference works or individuals who are experts in ventilation, toxicology, and fire prevention, as necessary or appropriate to use and understand the data contained in this MSDS.

To promote safe handling, each customer or recipient should: (1) notify its employees, agents, contractors and others whom it knows or believes will use this material of the information in this MSDS and any other information regarding hazards or safety; (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product; and (3) request its customers to notify their employees, customers, and other users of the product of this information.

I. IDENTIFICATION		
-X		
MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Mixture		
etermined on typical material)		
>200 C (>392 F)		
-20 F)		
VAPOR PRESSURE AT 20°C: < 0.01 mm Hg		
SOLUBILITY IN WATER by wt:		
light yellow liquid; no odor		

UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS AND PLASTICS COMPANY INC.
Specialty Chemicals Division
39 Old Ridgebury Road, Danbury, CT. 06817-0001

UCON is a trademark of Union Carbide Chemicals & Plastics Tech Corp. EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 1-800-UCC-HELP (Number available at all times)

#### III. INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL % TLV (Units) HAZARD

< 5

Polypropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

>95 None established See Section V

CAS#: 9003-13-8

Trade Secret Additive

None established

See Section V

#### IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (test method(s)): 423 F (217 C), Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93 505 F (262 C), Cleveland Open Cup ASTM D 92

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR,

% by volume:

LOWER: UPPER:

Not determined Not determined

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** 

Apply alcohol-type or all-purpose-type foam by manufacturer's recommended techniques for large fires. Use CO2 or dry chemical media for small fires.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot burning pools; this may cause frothing and increase fire intensity. Use self-contained

breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

This material may produce a floating fire hazard in extreme fire conditions. During a fire, oxides of nitrogen may be produced.

#### V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

TLV AND SOURCE:

None established by OSHA or ACGIH.

#### EFFECTS OF SINGLE OVEREXPOSURE:

SWALLOWING:

No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

SKIN ABSORPTION:

No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

INHALATION:

No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

SKIN CONTACT:

Brief contact is unlikely to produce any significant effects to the skin. More prolonged contact is likely to produce reddening, itchiness, a burning sensation, and possible drying and flaking of the skin.

EYE CONTACT:

May cause stinging and pain with excess tear formation and mild reddening of the conjunctiva.

#### EFFECTS OF REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE:

No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

#### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:

Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis.

Due to methemoglobin formation, individuals with cardiovascular disease or impairment of respiratory function may be at additional risk.

# SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN

HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION: Contains an amine which may react with nitrites to form a nitrosamine. Some nitrosamines have been shown to be carcinogenic in laboratory animals.

#### OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Overexposure to vapors generated at high temperatures may result in eye and respiratory tract irritation and in the inhalation of harmful amounts of

material.

#### EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES.

SWALLOWING:

No harmful effects expected.

SKIN:

Wash with soap and water.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air.

EYES:

Flush thoroughly with water for several minutes. Seek medical attention.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

#### VI. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:

Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

WARNING: Do not mix this product with nitrites or other nitrosating agents because nitrosamines may be formed. Nitrosamines may cause cancer.

INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):

Normally unreactive; however, avoid strong bases at high temperatures, strong acids, strong oxidizing agents and materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds.

# HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION OR DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Combustion may produce oxides of carbon and nitrogen. See Section V, 'Other Effects of Overexposure.'

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will Not Occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

None

## VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

# STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Wear suitable protective equipment, especially eye protection. See Section VIII. Small spills could be flushed with large quantities of water. Larger spills should be collected for disposal. See Section IX.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Incinerate in a furnace or otherwise dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local requirements.

# VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (specify type):

None required for use at low temperatures.

**VENTILATION:** 

General (mechanical) room ventilation is satisfactory for use at low temperatures. If used at high temperatures, special local ventilation is recommended at points where vapors can be expected to escape to the workplace air.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Polyvinyl chloride-coated

EYE PROTECTION:

Monogoggles

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye bath and safety shower,

#### IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

WARNING: CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not add nitrites or other nitrosating agents. A nitrosmine, which may

cause cancer, may be formed.

FOR INDUSTRY USE ONLY

#### OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

SPILLS: This product has very low solubility in water and will float on the surface. Avoid drainage of large spills to sewers or to natural waters. WARNING: Many hot organic chemical vapors or mists are susceptible to sudden spontaneous combustion when mixed with air. Ignition may occur at temperatures below those published in the literature as "autoignition" or "ignition" temperatures. Ignition temperatures decrease with increasing vapor volume and vapor/air contact time, and are influenced by pressure changes.

Ignition of organic chemical vapors may occur at typical elevated-temperature process conditions, especially in processes operating under vacuum if subjected to sudden ingress of air, or outside process equipment operating under elevated pressure if sudden escape of vapors or mists to the atmosphere occurs.

Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained.

#### X. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# STATUS ON SUBSTANCE LISTS:

The concentrations shown are maximum or ceiling levels (weight %) to be used for calculations for regulations. Trade Secrets are indicated by "TS".

#### FEDERAL EPA

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center of release of quantities of Hazardous Substances equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 302.4.

PRODUCT NAME: UCON Lubricant LB-400-X Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\*\*\*\* NONE \*\*\*\*\* Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 355 (used for SARA 302, 304, 311 and 312). Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\*\*\*\* NONE \*\*\*\* Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372 (for SARA 313). This information must be included in all MSDSs that are copied and distributed for this material. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\*\*\*\* NONE \*\*\*\* STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW **CALIFORNIA Proposition 65** This product contains no levels of listed substances, which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute. MASSACHUSETTS Right-To-Know, Substance List (MSL) Hazardous Substances and Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances on the MSL must be identified when present in products. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are: EXTRAORDINARILY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES ( => 0.0001%) UPPER BOUND CHEMICAL CAS NUMBER CONCENTRATION % Propylene Oxide 75-56-9 0.00100 PENNSYLVANIA Right-To-Know, Hazardous Substance List Hazardous Substances and Special Hazardous Substances on the List must be identified when present in products. Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

\*\*\*\* NONE \*\*\*\*\* Toxic Substances Control Act(TSCA) STATUS: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA inventory. CALIFORNIA SCAQMD RULE 443.1 VOC'S:

OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION:

REVISED SECTIONS:

\*\*\*\* NOT APPLICABLE \*\*\*\*

EPA Hazard Categories: Immediate Health Hazard Delayed Health Hazard